# GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
# HOME AFFAIRS
# LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:29
ANSWERED ON:26.02.2008
INCREASE IN NAXAL ACTIVITIES
Agarwal Shri Dhirendra;Mehta Shri Bhubneshwar Prasad;Nahata Smt. P. Jaya Prada;Oram Shri Jual;Rao Shri Sambasiva Rayapati;Singh Shri Rajiv Ranjan (Lalan);Yadav Shri Giridhari

**Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:**

(a) whether the naxal menace is increasing in the country;

(b) if so, the details of civilians/naxalites and police personnel killed/injured/arrested and loss of property during the last three years and in the current year till date, State/Union Territory-wise;

(c) whether there is any compensation/rehabilitation programme being implemented for the arrested naxalites and dependents of persons killed;

(d) whether the youths in some of the naxal affected areas of the country have started collecting funds for maoists;

(e) if so, the details thereof; and

(f) the steps taken by the Government to check naxal menace?

## Answer

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS(SHRI SRIPRAKASH JAISWAL)

(a) to (f): Law and order being a State subject, dealing with the various aspects/issues related to naxalite activities in a State primarily lies in the domain of the concerned State Government.
As per information available, there were 1565 incidents and 696 causalities in 2007, as against 1509 incidents and 678 casualties in 2006.
Number of casualties in civilians and police personnel, and number of naxalites killed, during the last three years and in the current year are given in the Annexure.
Regarding damage to property, the naxalites have been observed to be targeting certain type of Government buildings and infrastructure pertaining to road and rail transport and, in some cases, power transmission facilities.
Some naxalite affected States have their own State-specific surrender and rehabilitation policies for naxalites, which are implemented by the State Governments concerned. Under the Security Related Expenditure (SRE) scheme of Ministry of Home Affairs, security-related expenditure is reimbursed to naxalite affected States for various items, which include reimbursement of expenditure upto Rs. 10,000 for a surrenderee without arms and upto Rs. 20,000 for a surrenderee with regular weapon(s) in respect of hardcore, underground naxalite cadres and members of dalam who surrender in accordance with the surrender and rehabilitation policy being implemented by the concerned State Government.
State Governments provide ex-gratia and other compensation to families of security personnel and of civilians killed in naxalite violence as per their respective State-specific policies and norms in this regard. Reimbursement of ex-gratia is made under the Security Related Expenditure (SRE) scheme of Ministry of Home Affairs as per the schematic norm of Rs. 1 lakh for every civilian killed and Rs. 3 lakh for every security personnel killed.
Concerned State Governments take necessary action to deal with naxalite activities. The Central Government supplements their efforts and resources by a variety of measures that include deployment of Central paramilitary forces which work under the control of the State Government concerned, sanctioning of India Reserve battalions, assistance for strengthening of the State police and Intelligence agencies, re-imbursement of security-related expenditure, assistance in training of State police forces, sharing of intelligence, bringing about inter-State coordination and assistance in developement works through a range of schemes of various Ministries.